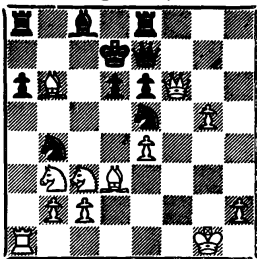


THE CALIFORNIA CHESS REPORTER

VOLUME XXI, NUMBER 3

November-December, 1971

J. Grefe - H. Rhee
Position after 24...K-Q2
(See Page 53).



White wins with
three sharp moves.

FROM: 244 Kearny Street, 4th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94108

TO:

Everett McNally
23716 Lynn St.
Hayward, CA 94541

CCCA'S
GRAND PRIX PACIFIC CLASS CHAMPIONSHIP

Date: February 19-20, 1972.

Place: UC-Berkeley, Student Union Building, 4th Floor (corner of Telegraph Avenue and Bancroft Way).

Registration: late, February 19, 9:30-10:45 a.m.

4-Round Swiss-40/1½ ~ In 5 Divisions: \$1,000 prize fund*

Master-Expert, A-B-C-D-E (unrated given estimated rating);

Bonus to 1st overall 150; 1st Expert-A-B-C 100 each;

2nd Expert-A-B-C, 1st D/E 50 each; Special prizes for 1st Master-Expert-A-B-C college student not otherwise winning a prize, 50 each.

Points for State Championship. *Based on approx. 125 entries.

Tournament Director: Martin E. Morrison, Box 1622, Oakland, CA 94604.

Bring own equipment

Entry fee: \$10

CCCA'S
FAR WEST COLLEGIATE CLASS CHAMPIONSHIP

Date: February 19-20, 1972.

ICLA-sanctioned regional tournament for California and Hawaii. Special prizes for college students. Included in CCCA's Grand Prix Pacific (see announcement above for further info.).

Current registration cards must be presented.

SECOND ANNUAL FRESNO AMATEUR

Date: March 11-12, 1972.

Place: Hotel California, Van Ness & Kern, Fresno, Calif.

Registration: 9:45-10:30 a.m., March 11.

5-Round Swiss-40/1½, HR start 7-9, Rounds 11-2:30-6, 9-2.

\$875 Guaranteed Prize Fund:

Expert, A-B-C-D-E, Unrated/ New each 1st 100, 2nd 50, 3rd 25 (100 added to each class with over 30 entrants) + 15 trophies.

Restricted to players rated below 2200, unrated, or new.

Entry fee: \$15

Calpoints for State Championship.

Tournament Director: Martin E. Morrison, Box 1622, Oakland, CA 94604.

Bring own equipment

THE CALIFORNIA CHESS REPORTER

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November-December, 1971

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CONTENTS

Carroll Capps Memorial.....	46-47	Winning Chess Concepts.....	53
West Covina Club Championship.....	47-48	Jutta Hempel.....	54-59
Berkeley Chess Club.....	48-51	Games.....	59-63
Game of the Month.....	51-53	Tasks.....	64

ELEVEN FINALISTS IN STATE CHAMPIONSHIP

Charles Henin of Santa Monica and Dennis Fritzinger of Redwood City head the finalists of the State Championship, as defending co-champions. Former world junior champion, Julio Kaplan of Puerto Rico and Berkeley, earned his way into the finals by winning the California Open at Fresno on Labor Day.

Four players qualified to the finals from Southern California by winning Calpoints in certain big tournaments: Kim Commons and Julius Loftsson of Los Angeles, Ross Stoutenborough of Riverside and Tibor Weinberger of Santa Monica.

Four players qualified from Northern California: Alex Subocek of Monterey, in the Chess Friends of Northern California qualifying tournament, Craig Barnes of Berkeley, Calpoints from selected Central California Chess Association tournaments, Jim Tarjan of Berkeley and Peter Grey of San Francisco, in the Northern California Championship.

The preliminary games in the finals are now being played and the final games, when the North and South meet, will be played at the San Fernando Valley Chess Club, 10919 Saticoy Street, Sun Valley. Gordon Barrett will direct.

KAPLAN WINS CARROLL CAPPS MEMORIAL TOURNAMENT

International master Julio Kaplan of Berkeley and Puerto Rico won the first annual memorial to the late Carroll Capps by a $5\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ score at the Mechanics Institute in San Francisco. Kaplan won five games and drew a game with runner-up Dennis Fritzingler of Redwood City.

Fritzingler tied for second with Rex Wilcox of San Jose, David Forthoffer of Berkeley, and Eleuterio Alsusasa of San Jose (Alsusasa is unrated). There were 81 contestants and the tournament director was Charles Pardini. The first prize was \$300 and the total prize fund was \$1,100. The cross-table:

FIRST ANNUAL CARROLL M. CAPPS MEMORIAL, OCTOBER 23-25, 1971

	1	2	3	4	5	6	Score
1. J. Kaplan	W38	W33	W8	W30	D2	W9	$5\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$
2. D. Fritzingler	W40	W34	W19	W11	D1	D6	5 - 1
3. R. Wilcox	W75	W18	W28	D22	D6	W15	5 - 1
4. D. Forthoffer	W57	L19	W75	W36	W20	W11	5 - 1
5. E. Alsusasa	L36	W58	W37	W18	W33	W12	5 - 1
6. G. Ramirez	W39	W24	D9	W25	D3	D2	$4\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$
7. W. Bills	W47	W36	D29	D27	D24	W23	$4\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$
8. C. Bill Jones	W42	W26	L1	W29	D27	W24	$4\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$
9. M. Burkett	W59	W55	D6	W28	W22	L1	$4\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$
10. T. Maser	W61	W37	L30	D26	W25	W27	$4\frac{1}{2}$ - $1\frac{1}{2}$
11. J. Tarjan	W68	W15	W12	L2	W17	L4	4 - 2
12. P. Manetti	W41	W74	L11	W19	W34	L5	4 - 2
13. B. Popov	D58	D50	L47	W31	W39	W29	4 - 2
14. D. Saqui	W64	W46	L22	L20	W40	W35	4 - 2
15. C. Barnes	W62	L11	W58	W40	W21	L3	4 - 2
16. N. Wood	W78	L22	W49	L21	W47	W36	4 - 2
17. G. Anima	W51	L30	W50	W43	L11	W38	4 - 2
18. J. Jaffray	W79	L3	W61	L5	W41	W44	4 - 2
19. R. Hough	W44	W4	L2	L12	W59	W33	4 - 2
20. M. Costa	L22	W*	W65	W14	L4	W34	4 - 2
21. M. Koblentz	L24	W39	W*	W16	L15	W46	4 - 2
22. D. Waterman	W20	W16	W14	D3	L9	-	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$
23. D. Krause	W60	D27	L25	W67	W26	L7	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$
24. S. Sawyer	W21	L6	W48	W57	D7	L8	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$
25. L. Bignami	D52	W43	W23	L6	L10	W50	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$
26. W. Heaton	W54	L8	W51	D10	L23	W52	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$
27. R. Alexander	W65	D23	W31	D7	D8	L10	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$
28. Dr. K. Bach	W81	W73	L3	L9	W60	D31	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$
29. Dr. E. Gross	W77	W32	D7	L8	W51	L13	$3\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$

3 Points: 30. J. Gutierrez, 31. A. Wang, 32. M. Wilkerson, 33. B. Menas, 34. S. Cross, 35. P. Gray, 36. H. Rosenbaum, 37. J. Peterson, 38. A. Rood, 39. E. Phillips, 40. R. Feliciano.

41. R. Watson, 42. G. Kobliska, 43. R. Aquilar, 44. Hawkins.
2½ Points: 45. P. Neville, 46. R. Irwin, 47. F. Leffman, 48. T. Sailor,
 49. H. Gardella, 50. W. Noble, 51. M. Pool, 52. M. Sullivan,
 53. J. Nitzberg, 54. W. Lanam.
2 Points: 55. T. Saguisag, 56. E. Lien, 57. F. Wreden, 58. M. E.
 Mattingly, 59. G. Veverka, 60. F. Luederitz, 61. A. Gullmes,
 62. J. Narcisi, 63. E. Appel, 64. K. Guertner, 65. R. Lemus,
 66. J. O'Gallagher.
1½ Points: 67. G. Rey, 68. H. Yacker, 69. R. Pellerin, 70. J. Jirousek,
 71. R. Kilmer, 72. J. Quinn.
1 Point: 73. D. Clark, 74. L. Jones, 75. L. O'Doan, 76. T. Terman,
 77. R. Quintana.
0 Points: 78. J. Dean, 79. J. Van der Wal, 80. G. Miley, 81. W. Olds.
-

ARGALL WEST COVINA CLUB CHAMPION

David Argall continued his dominance of West Covina Round Robins by winning the club championship with a score of $4\frac{1}{2}-1\frac{1}{2}$. Argall was the only undefeated player in the field of experts and A's. Don Bicknell always the favorite to win the club championship, once again found fate against him and finished second with 4-2. Paul Kopley was third with $3\frac{1}{2}-2\frac{1}{2}$.

In the Premiere section, Lyle Oje easily won with a score of $5\frac{1}{2}-1\frac{1}{2}$. Oje won his first five games, easing up only when first was his. Valentine Aguilera did his best to discredit the rating system. Despite the lowest rating in the section he scored 5-2 to take second place. Third place went to David Sassoon with $4\frac{1}{2}-2\frac{1}{2}$.

In the Booster section, James Whiting and David Rojo drew in the first round and clobbered everybody else to tie for first with $6\frac{1}{2}-\frac{1}{2}$. Whiting's excellent performance was what was expected of him, but Rojo was a pleasant surprise. We may have a star of the future here. Allyn Bartholomew took third with 5-2.

Play took place at Mesa School, where the West Covina Chess Club meets every Friday evening. David Argall directed the 24-entry event.

CHAMPIONSHIP

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Score
1. D. Argall	X	W	D	W	W	D	D		4½-1½
2. D. Bicknell	L	X	W	D	W	W	D		4 - 2
3. P. Koploy	D	L	X	D	W	D	W		3½-2½
4. W. Beattie	L	D	D	X	L	W*	W		3 - 3
5. L. Ferguson	L	L	L	W	X	W*	W		3 - 3
6. A. Wicher	D	L	D	L*	L*	X	W	W	3 - 4
7. J. Birkel	D	D	L	L	L	L	X		1 - 5
8. R. Flacco	-	-	-	-	-	L	-	X	0 - 1

PREMIER SECTION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Score
1. L. Oje	X	L	W	W	W	W	D	W	5½-1½
2. V. Aguilera	W	X	W	D	W	D	W	L	5 - 2
3. D. Sassoon	L	L	X	D	W	W	W	W	4½-2½
4. J. Payne	L	D	D	X	L	W	W	W	4 - 3
5. E. DeLong	L	L	L	W	X	W	W	W	4 - 3
6. D. Westerfield	L	D	L	L	L	X	W	W*	2½-4½
7. R. Williams	D	L	L	L	L	L	X	W	1½-5½
8. P. Gibbs	L	W	L	L	L	L*	L	X	1 - 6

BOOSTER SECTION

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Score
1. J. Whiting	X	D	W	W	W	W	W	W	6½-½
2. D. Rojo	D	X	W	W	W	W	W	W	6½-½
3. A. Bartholomew	L	L	X	W	W	W	W	W	5 - 2
4. J. Meza	L	L	L	X	W	W	L	W	3 - 4
5. R. Acero	L	L	L	L	X	L	W	W	2 - 5
6. R. Harman	L	L	L	L	W	X	W		2 - 4
7. A. Rojo, Jr	L	L	L	W	L	L	X	W	1 - 6
8. J. Koploy	L	L	L	L	L		W	X	1 - 5

BERKELEY CHESS CLUB HOSTS FOUR TOURNAMENTS AUG. - NOV.

The Berkeley YMCA Chess Club is reported by tournament director Martin E. Morrison to be our largest club, with 300 members (the Mechanics' Institute is larger but its membership is through the library and chessplayers there do not have separate memberships).

Berkeley held a raft of tournaments during the summer and early fall. The first was a small event which was played at random. Prizes were given to masters and experts only:

BERKELEY CHESS CLUB MASTERS/EXPERT TOURNEY, AUG. -SEPT. 1971

	1	2	3	4	Score
1. Guillermo Rey	W7	W5	W8	W4	4 - 0
2. Roger Alexander	W6	-	W4	-	2 - 0

1 Point: 3. Dinis Santos

½ Point: 4. Steven Cross, 5. Raymond Segal.

0 Points: 6. Harry Mayer, 7. John Toulouse, 8. Ken Ellis.

A large tournament with 52 players, began on the same date, August 27, and ran until October first. The prizewinners: Class A Roger Alexander; Class B, George Harris; Class C through Unrated, Michael Koblentz; nonUSCF, Craig Squier. The cross-table:

BERKELEY CHESS CLUB SUMMER RANDOM, AUGUST - OCTOBER 1971

	1	2	3	4	5	Score
1. George Harris	L2	W5	W9	W5	W19	4 - 1
2. Michael Koblentz	W1	W14	-	W39	W15	4 - 1
3. Craig Squier	-	W47	D18	W49	W50	3½-1½
4. Roger Alexander	W*	L23	W*	W	-14	3 - 2

2½ Points: 5. Carl Shiflett, 6. Dinis Santos.

2 Points: 7. Nora Harris, 8. Ken Ellis, 9. David Sagon, 10. Frank Leffman, 11. Dr. Richard Hansen, 12. Paul Voloshin, 13. Elizabeth Shaughnessy.

1½ Points: 14. Frederick Scholz, 15. John Toulouse, 16. Raymond Segal, 17. David Rapaport, 18. Charles Thorn.

1 Point: 19. Charles Ensey, 20. Rev. George Marcus, 21. Jon Sjogren, 22. Steven Cross, 23. Louis Bignami, 24. Edward Delgado, 25. Michael Cooper, 26. Elwin Meyers, 27. Ross Newman, 28. Larry Stein, 29. Alan Bodina, 30. James Oser, 31. Richard Alexander, 32. Russell Palmer, 33. Mahdad Khosrovani, 34. Mark Rahman, 35. Steve Menderson.

½ Points: 36. Padraic Neville.

0 Points: 37. Dwain Miller, 38. Marilyn Hodges, 39. Robert Rice, 40. Grayson Perkins, 41. Michael Werner, 42. Jhulbert Lasso, 43. Chris Nyborg, 44. Leo Conrolly, 45. Bruce Arnold, 46. John Nozzi, 47. William Robbins, 48. David Lewis, 49. Ann Chaboty, 50. Daniel Paul, 51. Derrick Robinson, 52. San Kornell.

In October Berkeley ran an even larger tournament, with 90 players. It was held in four sections.

BERKELEY CHESS CLUB CLASSIFIER, OCTOBER 8-29, 1971

EXPERIENCED SECTION

	1	2	3	4	Score
1. John Toulouse	L11	W3	W17	W5	3 - 1
2. Jon Sjogren	W8	-	W20	W4	3 - 1
3. Dr. Richard Hansen	L10	L1	W16	W12	2 - 2
4. Dinis Santos	W6	L7	W10	L2	2 - 2
5. Frederick Scholz	W12	-	W7	L1	2 - 2
6. Carl Shiflett	L4	W15	-	W20	2 - 2
7. Michael Koblentz	W9	W4	L5	L13	2 - 2

1½ Points: 8. George Harris, 9. Louis Bignami.

1 Point: 10. Raymond Segal, 11. Frank Leffman, 12. Peter Stokes, 13. Ross Newman, 14. Paul Enright.

0 Points: 15. Milenko Despot, 16. Michael Cooper, 17. William Megliffe, 18. Elwin Meyers, 19. Ed Boggs, 20. David Ceponis.

INTERMEDIATE SECTION

	1	2	3	4	Score
1. Neil Spingarn	W10	W2	W16	--	3 - 1
2. Dale Lock	W6	L1	D5	W18	2½-1½
3. Kenneth Halligan	W9	L4	W10	--	2 - 2
4. Mark Oshiro	W13	W3	L8	L7	2 - 2
5. David Sagan	D8	W12	D2	L6	2 - 2
6. Derrick Robinson	L2	--	W15	W5	2 - 2
7. Sinan Kaptanoglu	--	--	W9	W4	2 - 2

1½ Points: 8. Alan Bodine

1 Point: 9. Grayson Perkins, 10. Irvin Strauss, 11. Michael Koblentz, 12. Michael Donald.

0 Points: 13. Ronald Jaeger, 14. Stephen Felgar, 15. Steven Fisher, 16. Craig Squier, 17. Joseph Wu, 18. Juergen Kasprk.

NOVICE SECTION

	1	2	3	4	Score
1. Donald Konzaki	W21	W2	W12	W4	4 - 0
2. Paul Voloshin	W18	L1	W14	W21	3 - 1
3. Bruce Hildreth	W20	W7	L3	W22	3 - 1
4. Richard Ettelson	W8	W11	W4	L1	3 - 1
5. Paul Mei	--	W15	W22	W23	3 - 1
6. Robert Rice	L15	W16	D13	W11	2½-1½

2 Points: 7. Bruce Arnold, 8. Larry Stein, 9. Charles Thorn, 10. Blair Hill.

1½ Points: 11. Sam Kersell, 12. Mahmud Hosseini, 13. Jeffrey Feinberg.

<u>1 Point:</u>	14. Chris Nyberg, 15. William Robbins, 16. Joseph Scott.
<u>$\frac{1}{2}$ Points:</u>	17. Michael Hulse.
<u>0 Points:</u>	18. John Nozzi, 19. James Oser, 20. Nora Harris, 21. Rev. George Marcus, 22. Edward McClure, 23. Edward Delgado.

NON USCF SECTION

	1	2	3	4	Score
1. Elizabeth Shaughnessy	W11	W5	W15	W6	4 - 0
2. Warren Westrup	W21	D4	W25	W5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$
3. René Remy	--	BYE	W22	W29	3 - 1
4. David Lewis	W13	D2	L6	W8	2 $\frac{1}{2}$ - 1 $\frac{1}{2}$
<u>2 Points:</u>	5. Doug Southworth, 6. Stephen Smith, 7. Chris Roe.				
<u>1$\frac{1}{2}$ Points:</u>	8. David Teplow.				
<u>1 Point:</u>	9. Frank Aranzubia, 10. Mahdad Khosrovani, 11. Michael McInerney, 12. Steven Menderson, 13. William Patch, 14. Emil Keitner, 15. John Spargo, 16. Sinan Kaptanaglu, 17. Charles Mullen, 18. Norman Smith, 19. Lilly Lee.				
<u>$\frac{1}{2}$ Points:</u>	20. William Elliott.				
<u>0 Points:</u>	21. Daniel Paul, 22. Russell Palmer, 23. Bradford Lyau, 24. Robert Penzier, 25. Richard Caratinni, 26. Sue Ann Nutter, 27. Chris Roe, 28. Rusty Elliott, 29. Robert Richardson.				

A fourth tournament was held at the Berkeley YMCA on one day, November 7. It was a tournament of four-man sections and there were 64 contestants. The 16 winners: Steven Cross, Dinis Santos, Ray Cuneo, Norman Wild Kon Kuniyuki, George Harris, Jurgen Kasprk, Joseph Frank Mario Castillo, Charles Mullen, Ronald Blagg, David Lewis, John Sperge, Marc Grafstein, Richard Rosenberg, Elizabeth Shaughnessy.

GAME OF THE MONTH

International Master Hans Ree came from Holland for the U. S. Open at Ventura, went to British Columbia for the Canadian Open, and then went to New York for the Empire City Open at the McAlpin Hotel. At Ventura Ree went undefeated and at Vancouver he tied for first place with world champion Boris Spassky of the Soviet Union.

Ree faced John Grefe, the New Yorker who added much to California chess when he came to Berkeley a few years ago, in the final round of the Empire City Open. The following game netted Grefe several hundred dollars when he tied for second place with Larry Gilden (Walter Browne scored 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{1}{2}$ to win first place by beating Arthur Bisguier in

the last round. There were 180 players).

Game No. 1191 - Sicilian
(notes by Grefe (G) & Acers(A).)

White	Black
<u>J. Grefe</u>	<u>H. Ree</u>
1. P-K4	P-QB4
2. Kt-KB3	Kt-QR3
3. P-Q4	PxP
4. KtxP	Kt-B3
5. Kt-QB3	P-Q3
6. B-QB4	Q-Kt3

This move was popularized by Benko, who lost a famous game against Fischer with it in the 1959 Candidates Tournament. Later improvements were found for Black. (G)

7. Kt-Kt3

7-B-K3 is an unsound gambit, and the alternative is Kkt-K2, which also leads to interesting play. The move in the game leads to positions akin to the Scheveningen Variation. (G)

7. ... P-K3
8. B-K3 Q-B2
9. B-Q3!

I've tried 9. P-KR3; 9. P-KB4; 9. Q-K2 and have gotten nothing for White. (A)

9. ... P-QR3
10. P-KB4 B-K2

10...P-Qkt4 is better in my opinion. (A)

11. P-Kkt4?!

An alternative was 11. Q-B3, P-Q Kt4; 12. 0-0,0-0; 13. KR-K1.(G)

11. ... P-Qkt4

11...P-R3! but Ree's plan is good too. (A)

12. P-Kt5 Kt-Q2
13. P-QR3

If I have this position again, I'll probably omit this move, which causes a serious weakening of

White's Queenside, and I'll allow the Black pawn to rush forward as they might open up the Queenside for the White pieces.(G)

13. ... P-Kt5
14. PxP KtxP
15. 0-0 0-0

Scary but playable. (A)

16. P-B5

I decided on this move after long thought. It cedes e5 but if White does not attack at once, Black might safely complete his development. (G)

16. ... R-K1?

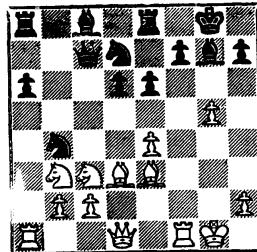
Right is 16...R-Q1! (to avoid the following combinative sacrifice(G)).

17. Q-R5, P-Kkt3, 18. Q-R4, and 18...Kt-K4 with a solid game for Black (or as Soltis and later Grefe pointed out). 18...Kt-B4; 19. KtxKt, PxKt; 20. FxKtP, BPxP; 21. R-B7?!, KxR; 22. QxRPch, K-Q1; 23. Kt-Kt5! Q-K4!. If instead 23...PxKt; 24. BxPch, Kt-B3; 25. QR-Q1ch, B-Q3; 26. Q-B7 mate and other lines lose material.(A) 17. P-B6, B-KB1; 18. Q-R5, P-Kt3; 19. Q-R4, Kt-K4 and White gets nowhere. (G)

17. P-B6! B-KB1

17...PxP is the only chance.(A) (If 17...PxP; 18. PxP, KtxP; 19. Q-B3, or 18...BxP; 19. Q-R5. (G)

18. PxP BxP



19. RxP! KxR
 19...B-Kt2 must be played with some technical problems for White. (A)
 20. Q-R5ch

At this point Dallas master Kenneth R. Smith dragged me from the hotel for dinner and a discussion of U.S. Chess. Smith forced me to bet one way or the other on the Grefe-Ree game which we left in this position. I took the Smith money to the bank. (A)

20. ... K-K2
 21. QxRP Kt-K4
 Obviously disconcerted by the previous few moves, Black fails to find the best defense. 21...R-KB1 is bad because of 22. P-Kt6 and the Rook is on a bad square. Best for Black is 21...B-Kt2; 22.QxBch, K-Q1; 23. Kt-R5!, R-Qkt1! While there is no demonstrable winning line, the best Black can hope for is a draw. (G)

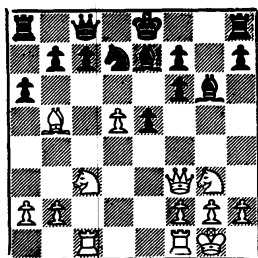
22. QxBch K-Q1
 23. Q-B6ch Q-K2
 23...R-K2, 24. Kt-Q4, QKt-B3;
 25. Kt-B5! (G)
 24. B-Kt6ch K-Q2
 25. B-Kt5ch(!) Kt5-B3
 25... PxB was necessary. (A)
 Returning the exchange does not alleviate White's attack. 25. ...PxB; 26. QxQch, RxQ; 27. RxR, Kt-B6ch; 28. K-B2, Kt-Kt4; 29. P-K5! etc is one possibility. (G)

26. Kt-B5ch! PxKt
 27. R-Q1ch BLACK RESIGNS
 A cute finish. After 27... Q-Q3; 28. B-QR4 would win. Threat. 28.QxKt. But the main point is 27...Q-Q3; 28. QxKt! QxRch; 29. KtxQ, PxB; 30. Q-B7 mate. Neat! (A)

WINNING CHESS CONCEPTS

by Hyman Gordon

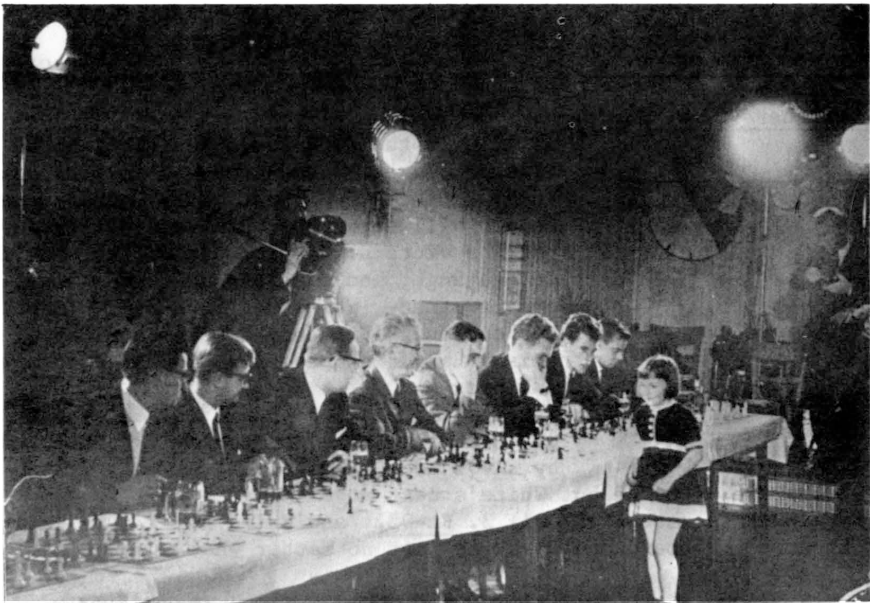
R. Fischer Vs. W. Addison



In the diagrammed position, Bobby Fischer played 1. B-Q3 and won in fine positional style later in the game. Perhaps the reader will enjoy the challenge of finding a quicker victory. A nice blend of a sacrifice, an exchange, and a strong positional move are required. White has five pieces mobilized for action; Black only his three minor pieces—this is ample compensation for Black's pawn advantage.

The answer: 1. P-Q6, BxP; (Black cannot play PxB for White would play PxB followed by KR-Q1 and Black is helpless. 2. BxKtch

(a surprise exchange but White's next move explains why) ...QxB (KxB loses because of KR-Q1) 3. Kt-Q5! and White wins. (The Knight dominates the board and Black is lost no matter what move he makes.)





JUTTA HEMPEL

Jutta Hempel is eleven years old. She lives in Flensburg, in what was Schleswig-Holstein in pre-World War I days and is a part of Germany now. Being practically on the border of Denmark, she speaks Danish as well as German. She has been studying English for two years. The important thing about Jutta Hempel is that she has been a chessmaster for six years.

When Jutta was three, she watched her father carefully as he analyzed chess games at home and was always at his side. Her little hands were always handling the pieces. She wanted to play with the "little dolls". Finally her father bought her a chess board and men so Jutta could have her own set. She learned the moves of the pieces by imitating her father.

When a chessplayer would visit the home and play a game with

her father, Jutta watched attentively. After the end of a game, she would replace the pieces correctly and replay the game, almost always correctly. Soon she could play a game of her own. To test her phenomenal memory, Jutta's father taught her a complete opening, the From Gambit. She soon mastered many variations of the From Gambit.

When she was four, she strayed from home one day and was found at the Youth Center playing chess with a teenager. She was entered in the Junior Chess Group of Flensburg and soon she had beaten all the young players. Her opening repertoire increased. She learned the Giuoco Piano, the Blackmar Gambit, and the French Defense. When chessplayers visited her home she played them and sometimes bested the adults.

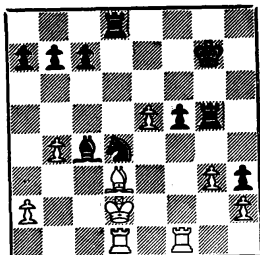
In June of 1966 a German-Danish team match was held and Jutta was on the team for Flensburg. She played a hard-fought draw, and from then on the five-year-old girl was news in all the European chess papers and magazines. She then played a game against a good player, Frank Olle, which was featured in chess publications.

In August, 1966, a chess benefit festival was held in Glucksburg-Ostsee. More than 300 chessplayers participated. The question of whether or not Jutta could play a competent game of chess against a master was put before the public as she was matched against the Berlin master H. J. Hecht. The game was a sensation. Jutta sacrificed a piece in the opening and forced the master to sweat it out for 43 moves.

<u>Game No. 1192 - From Gambit</u>		12. Q-Kt6!	B-Kt5ch
<u>White</u>	<u>Black</u>	13. K-K2!	
<u>J. Hempel</u>	<u>H. Hecht</u>	Avoiding P-B3, Q-R5ch;	
1. P-KB4	P-K4	13. ...	R-Kt2
2. PxP	P-Q3	14. BxP!	KtxB
3. PxF	BxP	15. QxKt	Q-Kt4
4. Kt-KB3	P-KKt4	16. QxQ	RxQ
5. P-Q4	P-Kt5	17. P-KKt3	Kt-B3
6. Kt-Kt5	P-KB4	18. P-B3	B-K2
7. P-K4	P-KR3	19. Kt-Q2	Kt-R4
8. P-K5	B-K2	20. B-Q3	B-K3
9. Kt-KR3	PxKt	21. KR-KB1	K-Kt2
10. Q-R5ch	K-B1	22. QR-Q1	R-Q1
11. B-QB4	R-R2	23. P-QKt4	Kt-B3
		24. Kt-B4	

Here a previous opponent of Jutta's played Q-K1 and after QxF White simply developed, with a strong attack. Better was Kt-B3, but Jutta is after the KBP.

24. ... BxP!
 25. PxB KtxPch
 26. K-Q2 BxKt



27. R-B1

White is lost, as she must lose pawns after BxB, Kt-B3ch, but this is even worse.

27. ... Kt-Kt6ch?
 Simply BxB leaves Black two pieces up, since even after RxBch he cannot recapture the Bishop.

28. PxKt RxBch
 29. K-K1 B-Kt4
 30. RxBch R-Q2
 31. RxRch BxR
 32. R-B4 R-Kt5
 33. R-B4 B-B3
 34. K-Q2 RxB!
 35. K-B2 K-B2 wins

The next month Jutta played her first simultaneous exhibition, in Streichmuhle. It was her sixth birthday. For four hours she moved from board to board against twelve players. She won, $9\frac{1}{2}$ - $2\frac{1}{2}$. Shortly afterward an American group came to Flensburg and Jutta was chosen to play against ten players. She played in the town square and won by a score of 9-1.

During the next year Jutta had the following things happen to her:

1. Eminent professors, including Youth Research Professor Dr. K. Luckert of the Pedagogical Institute of Munich, examined her and said she was "an unprecedented and unique child prodigy... a phenomenon."

2. She won her first title as a chess master, the Flensburg junior championship.

3. Having read in Sammy Reshevsky's biography that the nine-year-old boy had played a blindfold game against Bremen chess-master Carls, a game where the boy broke off the game after eight moves in a fit of petulance, Jutta also wanted to play blindfold. So on benefit day in 1967 she played six blindfold games simultaneously.

4. She was challenged by a master, a Dr. Lauterbach, to a match game. She won in 26 moves. Another master, Hoff, was also trounced. A couple of weeks later Gunther Knuth of Oberhausen played two games against Jutta, both of which were drawn.

5. She played several simultaneous exhibitions, some before television cameras.

The following game was played in the Young Master Association, 1966-67:

<u>Game No. 1193 - Blackmar-Diemer</u>		6. B-K3	Q-QKt5
White	Black	7. 0-0-0	F-B3
<u>J. Hempel</u>	<u>W. Jedich</u>	8. P-QR3	Q-Kt5
1. P-Q4	F-Q4	9. Q-B2	Kt-K5
2. P-K4	PxP	10. KtxKt	QxKt
3. Kt-QB3	Kt-KB3	11. R-Q4	Q-B4
4. P-B3	PxP	12. Kt-B3	F-K4
5. QxP	QxP	13. B-Q3	Q-B3
		14. B-KKt5	RESIGNS

When she was nine, Jutta won a problem-solving contest against the composer Leiderer. She took only 12 seconds against his 33 seconds. She then played two games against the well-known Danish international master J. Enevoldsen. Both games were drawn.

Jutta does not play chess so often nowadays, being busy in school. She came to our attention through former associate editor Valdemars Zemitis; the occasion being a Latvian Gambit tournament of the American Postal Chess Federation.

The following game was played in 1970:

<u>Game No. 1194 - Latvian Gambit</u>		15. Kt4-Q2	PxP
White	Black	16. PxP	KtxP
<u>J. Hempel</u>	<u>G. Gunderam</u>	17. Kt-K4	KtxB
1. P-K4	P-K4	18. QxKt	B-K3
2. Kt-KB3	P-KB4	19. R-Kt1	Q-B2
3. KtxP	Q-B3	20. Kt-Kt5	
4. P-Q4	P-Q3		
		The improvement over the Spassky game. White exchanges one of the Bishops.	
5. Kt-B4	PxP	20. ...	BxKt
6. Kt-B3	Q-Kt3	21. QxB	KR-R1
7. Q-K2		22. B-Q3	KR-R4
		23. Q-R4	P-KT3
More usual is P-B3 or Kt-K3.		24. R-Kt5	RxR
7. ...	Kt-KB3	25. QxR	P-B4
8. P-B3	Kt-B3	26. B-K4	R-R3?
9. B-K3	B-K2	27. P-R4	K-Kt2
10. 0-0-0	0-0	28. P-R5	Q-B3
11. P-Q5	Kt-QKt5	29. QxQ	KxQ
12. P-QR3	P-QR4!?	30. PxP	PxP
Spassky, no less, played this in a 1956 game and won.		31. BxQKtF	R-R8
13. PxKt	PxKtP	32. RxP	K-K2
14. Kt-Kt1	R-R8	33. R-R6	RESIGNS

Jutta has had less publicity recently. On the advice of leading chessmasters and teachers, she will take longer vacations from chess. Her parents are firm in the belief that a healthy mind can exist only in a healthy body and so they encourage her to be active in all outdoor sports. This attitude is favorable for the little girl in her overall development. This gay and cheerful child with her unusual chess talent, will once again, so say German and foreign masters who have played her, be counted among the elite of women chessplayers.

GAMES

CALIFORNIA OPEN, FRESNO 1971

Game No. 1195 - Sicilian

White	Black
<u>J. Tarjan</u>	<u>S. Sawyer</u>
1. P-K4	P-QB4
2. Kt-KB3	Kt-QB3
3. B-Kt5	P-KKt3
4. O-O	B-Kt2
5. P-B3	Q-Kt3
6. P-QR4	P-QR3
7. BxKt	QxB
8. R-K1	Kt-B3
9. P-Q4	P-Q4

At once equalizing.

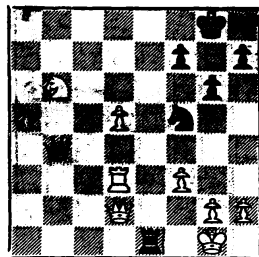
10. PxP	KtxP
11. Kt-K5	Q-B2
12. Q-B3	B-K3
13. Kt-R3	PxP
14. PxP	O-O
15. B-Q2	Q-Kt3

Winning a Pawn.

16. QR-Q1	QxKtP
17. B-R5	Kt-B3 ²
18. Kt(5)-B4	BxKt
19. KtxB	Q-B7
20. Kt-Kt6	QR-K1
21. QxP	Q-B4
22. QxRP	Kt-Kt5
23. P-B3	Kt-R3
24. B-Kt4	P-B3
25. P-R5	R-Q1
26. BxP	BxP
27. RxB	Q-B7
28. Q-K2	Q-B6

29. Q-Q2	Q-R6
30. R-K3	Q-Q3
31. R-B3	Kt-B4
32. P-Q5	KR-K1
33. R-K1	Q-Kt5
34. RxRch	RxR
35. R-Q3	R-K8ch

Instead 35. R-B2 wins easily enough.



36. K-B2	Q-R5ch
37. P-Kt3	QxPch
38. KxR	Q-Kt8ch

RESIGNS

Game No. 1196 - Bemoni

White	Black
<u>L. Raterman</u>	<u>J. Loftsson</u>
1. P-Q4	Kt-KB3
2. Kt-KB3	P-K3
3. P-B4	P-B4
4. P-Q5	PxP
5. PxP	P-Q3
6. Kt-B3	P-KKt3

7. P-K4	B-Kt2	5. E-Kt2	Kt-B3
8. B-K2	O-O	6. Kt-R3	P-Kt4
9. O-O	R-K1	7. O-O	P-Q5
10. Kt-Q2	QKt-Q2	8. P-KB4	Kt-Kt5
11. P-KR3	P-QR3	9. Kt-B4	P-QKt4
12. P-QR4	Q-B2	10. KtxP	Kt/3xKt
13. P-B4	P-B5	11. PxKt	KtxKP
14. Q-R2	R-Kt1	12. B-B4	B-Kt5
15. BxP	P-QKt4	13. Q-Q2	B-Q3
16. PxP	PxP	14. Kt-B2	Kt-B6ch
17. B-Q3	F-Kt5	15. BxKt	BxB
18. Kt-Q1	Kt-B4	16. Kt-R3	B-Kt5
19. Kt-B2	P-Kt6	17. BxB	QxB
20. Q-Kt1	B-Q2	18. P-K5	Q-K2
21. R-Q1	B-Kt4	19. Kt-B2	B-K3
22. BxB	RxB	Here B-B6 would protect the important	
23. R-R3	R-Kt5	K5 square and give Black a good game.	
24. Kt-Q3	R-Q5	20. Kt-K4	P-KR3?
25. KtxKt	QxKt	21. Kt-Q6ch	K-Q2
26. K-R2	Q-B7	22. KtxKtP	P-R3
27. R-B1	KtxKP	23. Kt-Q6	P-B3
28. QxQ	FxQ	24. Kt-B5	BxKt
29. R-K3	F-B4	25. RxB	Q-K3
30. KtxKt	FxKt	26. QR-KB	PxP
31. R-B2	RxP	27. R-B7ch	K-Q3
32. RxBP	R-Q8	28. Q-R5	KR-QB
33. B-Q2	P-Q4	29. RxP	R-B3
34. R-K1	RxR	30. R/7-KB7	RESIGNS
35. BxR	P-Q5		
36. R-Q2	K-B2		
37. P-KKt4	K-K3		
38. K-Kt2	K-Q4		
39. K-B1	R-QB1		
40. K-K2	R-B8		
41. R-Q1	P-Q6ch		
42. K-Q2	R-B7ch		
43. RESIGNS			

Game No. 1197 - French

White		Black	
<u>M. Rubin</u>		<u>D. Hinrichsen</u>	
1. P-K4	P-K3		
2. P-Q3	P-Q4		
3. Kt-Q2	P-QB4		
4. P-KKt3	Kt-KB3		

Game No. 1198 - Polish

White		Black	
<u>V. Radaikin</u>		<u>J. Tarjan</u>	
1. P-QKt4	Kt-KB3		
2. B-Kt2	P-K3		
3. P-Kt5	P-B4		
4. P-K3	P-Q4		
5. Kt-KB3	QKt-Q2		
6. P-B4	B-Q3		
7. Kt-B3	O-O		
8. B-Q3	P-QKt3		
9. Pxp	PxP		
10. Kt-K2	Kt-K5		
11. O-O	R-K1		
12. Kt-Kt3	Kt(2)-B3		
13. B-Kt1	B-Kt5		

- 14. Q-B2 Q-Q2
- 15. Kt-K1 BxKt
- 16. B-PxB P-Q5
- 17. P-Q3 Kt-Kt4
- 18. PxF PxP
- 19. Q-B6 QR-Q1
- 20. QxQ RxQ
- 21. B-B2 Kt-K3
- 22. Kt-B3 BxKt
- 23. PxB Kt-Q4
- 24. B-Kt3 Kt-K6
- 25. BxKt RxB
- 26. KR-B1 P-KR4
- 27. R-B8ch K-R2
- 28. QR-QB1 P-R5
- 29. R(8)-B7 R(3)-Q3
- 30. R(1)-B6 PxP
- 31. PxP

DRAWN

Game No. 1199 - Nimzowitsch

White	Black
<u>M. Rubin</u>	<u>L. Raterman</u>
1. P-K4	Kt-QB3
2. P-Q4	P-Q4
3. B-Kt5	P-QR3

PxF is satisfactory here. e.g. P-Q51, P-QR3, etc.

4. BxKt	PxB
5. Kt-QB3	P-K3
6. Kt-B3	Kt-B3
7. O-O	B-K2
8. Kt-K5	B-Kt2
9. Q-B3	O-O
10. B-Kt5	R-Kt1
11. QR-Q1	Q-K1
12. BxKt	BxB
13. Kt-Kt4	B-K2
14. P-K5	P-QB4
15. KR-K1	PxF
16. RxF	P-QB4
17. Kt-B6ch	PxKt?
BxKt, 18. PxB, PxR is safe enough.	
18. PxF	K-R1

and here Black can hold the game

with BxP; 19. QxB, FxR; 20. R-K5, P-R3; 21. QxP, P-B4; 22. RxRP, PxKt!
19. R-KR4 RESIGNS

U. S. OPEN, VENTURA, 1971

Game No. 1200 - Benoni

White	Black
<u>A. Spiller</u>	<u>J. Loftsson</u>
1. P-Q4	Kt-KB3
2. P-QB4	F-B4
3. P-Q5	P-K3
4. Kt-QB3	PxP
5. PxF	P-Q3
6. Kt-B3	P-KKt3
7. Kt-Q2	B-Kt2
8. Kt-B4	O-O
9. B-B4	Kt-K1
10. Q-Q2	

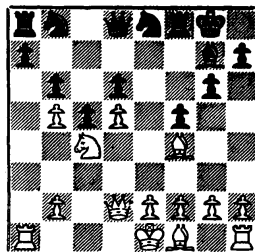
In my opinion, 3...P-QKt4 is playable and Browne thinks so too. (the Benko-Volga Gambit!)

If 11. Kt-Kt5, B-Q2!; 12. Kt5xQP, P-QKt4!; 13. KtxKt, BxKt; 14. Kt-K5, Q-Q3!; 15. Kt-Q3, QxP (Evans)

10. ...	P-Kt3
11. Kt-Kt5?!	B-QR3
12. P-QR4	

Necessary for if 12. Kt5xQP, KtxKt; 13. KtxKt, P-KKt4; 14. B-Kt3, P-KB4 and wins. (Evans)

12. ...	BxKt
13. PxB	P-B4?



Correct is the theoretical pawn sacrifice, 13...Kt-Q2!; 14. KtxP, Kt(2)-B3!; 15. KtxKt, RxKt; 16. R-Q1, Kt-K5; 17. Q-B2 Goldin-Shamkovich, Russia 1958 but not now MCO 10's 17. ...Q-B2?? when 18. BxQ wins the Queen free of charge! (A 14 year old girl in Tucson pointed this out to me, incidentally.) It must be a misprint for 17...Q-B3 with a plus. The error also appears in the German edition and revised.

14. P-R4 Q-B2?!

14...Kt-Q2 is still satisfactory.

15. P-R5 Kt-Q2

16. PxP FxP

17. B-R6! Kt-K4?!

Easy to criticize but I spent half an hour trying to save Black in this difficult position. Possible is 17...R-B2; 18. Q-Kt5, Q-Q1; 19. Q-Kt3, Q-K2; 20. R-QR3.

18. KtxKt PxB

19. BxB QxB

If 19...KxB; 20. R-QR3; (not 20. Q-R6ch, K-B2; 21. Q-R7ch, Kt-Kt2 and White has nothing) R-R1; 21. RxR, KxR; 22. Q-R6ch, Q-R2; 23. Q-B8ch, Q-Kt1; 24. R-R3 mate. But 19...KtxB!; 20. R-QR3, K-B2; 21. R(3)-KR3, Kt-R4 and Black holds.

In my opinion Black overlooked the variations that follow.

20. P-Q6! Kt-B3?

If 20...R-Q1; 21. Q-Q5ch, Q-B2 (21. ...R-B2; 22. RxP) 22. QxKP, Kt-B3; 23. R-Q1 or 23. Q-R2, Q-KKt2 it is more difficult for White as the sacrifice 24. RxP is unsound. The text is the losing move.

21. P-K4! KR-Q1

22. B-B4ch K-B1

23. PxB! PxB

Everything goes after 23...Kt-K5;

24. Q-Q5, KtxQP; 25. P-B6!

24. R-QR3

Kt-K5

25. Q-Q5

KtxQP

26. R(3)-R3

Also 26. R-KKt3, KtxB; 27. QxKt, Q-KB2; 28. R-R8ch, K-K2; 29. Q-R4ch, wins.

26. ...

KtxB

27. QxKt

Q-Kt5

28. R-R8ch

K-K2

29. R/8-R7ch

K-B3

30. Q-B7ch

BLACK

RESIGNS

White wins the Black Queen and mates in 4 moves.

SAN FERNANDO VALLEY OPEN,
Game No. 1201 - From Gambit

White		Black
<u>E. Bersbach</u>		<u>J. Davidian</u>
1. P-KB4		P-K4
2. PxB		P-Q3
3. PxB		BxB
4. Kt-KB3		Kt-KB3
5. P-Q4		Kt-Kt5
6. Q-Q3		P-QB4
7. B-Kt5		P-B3
8. B-R4		Q-B2
9. Kt-B3		KtxRP
10. 0-0-0		KtxB
11. KRxKt		P-QR3
12. PxB		B-K2
13. B-B2		B-K3
14. Kt-Q5		BxB
15. QxB		Kt-Q2
16. B-Kt3		Q-B3
17. B-Q6		KtxP
18. BxKt		BxB
19. Q-Kt3		R-Q
20. RxRch		KxR
21. Q-B7		Q-B2
22. R-Qch		K-B
23. Q-K6ch		K-Kt
24. R-Q7		B-K6ch
25. K-Kt		Q-B
26. Q-Q5		B-R3
27. Kt-Q4		R-K

28. Q-Q6ch	K-R	31. QxRPch	K-Ktl
29. Kt-K6	K-R2	32. RxPch	BLACK
30. Kt-B5	RxF		RESIGNS

CALIFORNIA STATE CHESS FEDERATION

1. The vote by mail of the directors resulted in a 9-1 majority in favor of amending the Constitution and Bylaws, Secretary Spencer Van Gelder reports. The full amendment appeared in the July-August, 1971 issue. For those who don't remember here is a brief summary: Control of the CSCF is now vested in three areas - Southern California, Northern California, and Central California. There are now three sections of the Tournament Committee (headed by Gordon Barrett, Guthrie McClain, and Martin Morrison). Each area provides five directors, so the Board of Directors is increased from ten to 15. Other changes were made so as to modernize the Constitution and Bylaws.

2. The Board of Directors recently ordered published reports of the finances of CSCF major events. Here is Gordon Barrett's report on the California Class Championships held on the Memorial Day Weekend at Fresno:

<u>RECEIPTS</u>		<u>EXPENSES</u>	
Entry fees: 40 x \$15.....\$	600.00	Prizes (Open).....	\$1,125.00
22 x \$13.....	286.00	(Rapids).....	55.00
13 x \$10.....	130.00	Rating fee.....	23.00
4 x \$ 5.....	20.00	Calpoints.....	20.00
Rapids: 24 x \$ 2.....	48.00	Tournament Director.....	100.00
	<u>\$1,084.00</u>	TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>\$1,323.00</u>
Sale of scoresheets.....	1.25	Loss	(237.75)
TOTAL RECEIPTS	<u>\$1,085.25</u>		<u>\$1,085.25</u>

3. Martin Morrison's report on the California Open:

<u>RECEIPTS</u>		<u>EXPENSES</u>	
Entry fees: 118 x \$15.....\$	1,770.00	Prizes.....	\$1,230.00
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>1,670.00</u>	Supplies.....	22.00
PROFIT	<u>\$ 100.00</u>	Publicity.....	67.00
		Circulars.....	43.00
		Facilities.....	104.00
		Miscellaneous Tournament	
		Operations.....	64.00
		Rating fee.....	40.00
		Tournament Director.....	100.00
		TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>\$1,670.00</u>

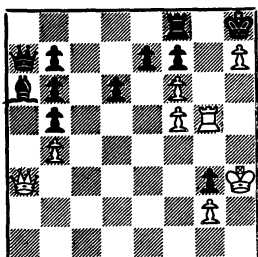
=====
 Want to sell old issues? July-August 1970 is worth money, for example. (We can get \$5 for the first one, but we can't pay more than \$1 for the next dozen.) Send them in and try us!

TASKS:

No. 315

B. Sommer

1953

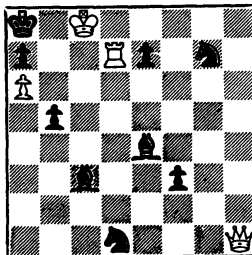


Mate in 5

No. 316

H. Luecke

1965



Mate in 5

One of the foremost three-move composers in the world, R. C. O. Matthews, once said that if he had it to do all over again he would prefer to compose "more-movers". The longer-length problems almost necessarily turn on strategic ideas (even when the mates are pure or model mates, in the Bohemian fashion). And ideas, after all, are more interesting to more people than are "mechanisms" such as self-blocks.

In #315, most players would look first at the aggressive FxP or QxP. The latter try is answered by Q-Kt1, when KKt1 is adequately defended. So White first plays 1. R-Kt4, threatening to get the Queen to KR6. Black "clears" with 1...R-Ri: to be able to get his Queen to KB1. Now that the cart is before the horse, 2. QxP works (2...Q-Kt1; 3. R-Kt8ch, QxR; 4. FxQ (Q)ch & Q-R4.

The big idea in #316 is to decoy the defenders away from the two defenses against R-Kt7 (B-K4 and B-B4ch). It is pure magic: 1. Q-Kt1, P-B7 (to uncover the long diagonal) 2. Q-R2, P-K4 (to block B-K4) 3. Q-R1! (to prevent a B check), BxQ; 4. R-Kt7. Question for the curious: Why can't White play 1. Q-R2?