chess

Vol. 3-No. 4

digest



BUSCHINE COLLECTION
He Has Variety

— CHESS DIGEST —
Formerly CALIFORNIA CHESS NEWS

Appears at least ten (10) times a year.

Subscription \$2.00 a year.
P. O. Box 124, Santa Rosa, California.
Telephone 4983-M

Canadian subscriptions should be sent direct to CHESS DIGEST, by Postal Money Order for \$2.00.

> PHYLLIS SEIDKIN EDITOR-IN-CHIEF GEORGE KOLTANOWSKI

SENIOR EDITOR .

MRS. NANCY ROOS. Los Angeles

LOUIS YATES, San Anselmo Staff Photographers E. H. YAGGIE, Postal Games Editor

Editor:

It has been my pleasure to introduce chess to the young proper of Dinabs. Knowing you to be interested in the advancement of the game, I felt that you would enjoy hearing of our success. Finding chess virtually unknown in the community. I introduced it as a two week unit in my general mathematics classes at the high shoot, Publicity in the school paper and a showcase display heightened according to the control of the contr

After getting the local merchants to contribute prizes I have imaguarated a tournament with about sixty entrants. When the tournament is completed I intend to form a team with the best players, for the purpose of competing with other schools and clubs.

We are in no financial position to afford an exhibition by a Master as yet but it would be a tremendous lift to the cause of chess in this area if you or some other Master you may know of, who will be passing through the San Joaquin Valley this Spring, could appear on our high school stage to present awards to our school champions.

JOHN MARKS, Dinuba

SAN JOSE-PENINSULA

San Jose beat the Peninsula Combination 10 to 4. Jerry Slavich on board one beat Ted Dana of Palo Alto.

GAME BY PRUNER

Following is Earl Pruner's only loss in his recent exhibition at the Barton Chess Studio in San Francisco. Mr. Pruner won 13 games, lost one and

drew one.

White: Farl Proper Black: Henry King

White:

P-Q4, P-KB4;
 P-K4, N-KB3;
 (correct is PxP)
 P-K5, N-K5?;
 (Loses the Knight)
 P-KB5, N-N4;
 S- BxN, (The game should have stopped here, but it is

game should have stopped here, but it is too early to resign, so Black continued a few more moves!) 5..., P.KR3; 6. B-R4, P.KN4; 7. P.KB4!, P.Q4; (Not PxB2; 8. Q-R5 mate!). 8. Q-R5ch, K-Q2; 9. P.K6ch, KxP; 10. Q-N6ch, K-

R5ch, K-Q2; 9. P-K6ch, KxP; 10. Q-N6ch, K-Q2; 11. PxP, N-B3; 12. N-KB3, Q-K1; 13. QxPch, (The easiest way to win is to simply exchange Queens). 13. . . , P-K3; 14. N-K5ch, NxN; 15.

QxN, B-Q3; 16. Q-N7ch, K-B3; 17. NB3, P-R3; (Must stop B-N5ch). 18. PxP, P-K41; (Black is now starting something . . . what can be lose?).

19, O-O-O, R-KN1; 20, Q-R7, B-N5; 21, PxP, QxP; 22, R-K1, Q-B5ch; 23, K-N1, B-K-B4!; 24, NxP, (If Q-KB7, BxPch), 24, ..., KxN; 25, Q-B7ch, K-B3; 26, Q-B4ch, QxQ; 27, BxQ, R-N5; White resigns; he must lose a bishop.

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This month's cover shows the heirloom collection of chess sets in ivory and rare wood, owned by Andrew Buschine of San Jose.

ON PLANNING

AND JUDGING IN CHESS

(Following is the second part of an article by Dr. Max Euwe, world-renowned chess master. The article will be continued in subsequent issues of Chess Digest-Ed.)

By DR. MAX EUWE The illustrations given so far have one

thing in common: the position in every case led to a forced mate, so that our theme may here be described briefly thus:

Judgment: White (or Black) wins: Plan: the appropriate mat-



We shall now give a few examples in which the main variation likewise leads to a mate, but where the losing side has one or two opportunities to escape with some substantial material loss which deprives the illustration of its forced

character. An important variation of the so-called Vienna Variation is

1, P-O4, P-O4; 2, P-OB4, P-K3; 3, Kt-KB3, Kt-KB3; 4. B-Kt5, B-Kt5ch; 5. Kt-B3, PxP; 6. P-K4. P-B4: 7. BxP. PxP: 8. KtxP. O-R4: 9. BxKt, BxKtch; 10. PxB, QxPch; 11. K-B1, OxBch: 12. K-Kt1. Castles: 13. O-Kt4. Diagram 5.



Diagram 5

It is now of the greatest importance, in assessing the value of the Vienna Variations as a whole, to ascertain whether this variation does indeed lead to a decisive advantage. Here it would not do to dismiss the position with a remark that "White has attacking chances" when he can indeed force mate or loss of Oueen, There follows:

13. . . P-KKt3; (forced) 14. Q-B4, Kt-Q2; 15. P-K5. KtxB: 16. PxKt. (Mate is still threatened by 17. Q-R6, etc.) K-R1; 17. R-QB1, (an important intermediary manoeuvre, intended in the first place to safeguard the Rook from attack by the Queen) 17. . . , Q-Q4; (other moves are worse) 18. Q-R6, R-KKt1; 19. Kt-B3, (threatens 20. Kt-Kt5, and mate; to be sure Black could at any time exchange his Queen for the Knight, but he would remain at a great, we may say a decisive, disadvantage in material). Black has now two methods of avoiding the mate:

(1) 19. . . . P-KKt4; 20. P-KR4, R-Kt3; (he has nothing better) 21. Q-B8ch, R-Kt1; 22. QxP, (now 23. KtxP, or 23. PxP, are threatened). 22. . . . Q-Q2; 23. Kt-K5, (Black cannot exchange Queen because 24. KtxO, would be mate and other moves by the Queen lead to a similar result) 23. . . , Q-Q7/; 24. QxPch, KxQ; 25. PxP, mate; or

(2) 19. . . . Q-KR4; 20. Kt-Kt5, again a surprise sacrifice. Black can parry the mate only by giving up his Queen for the Knight.

1. P-Q4, P-Q4; 2. P-QB4, P-K3; 3. Kt-QB3, Kt-KB3: 4, B-Kt5, OKt-O2: 5, P-K3, B-K2; 6. Kt-B3, P-QKt3?; 7. PxP, PxP; 8. B-Kt5, B-Kt2: 9, Kt-K5, Castles: 10, B-B6, BxB: 11. KtxB, Q-K1; 12. KtxBch, QxKt; 13. KtxP, Q-K5; 14. KtxKtch, PxKt; 15. B-R6, OxKtP; (the Pittsburgh Variation). Diagram 6.

White now obtains a decisive advantage with the surprising move 16. Q-B3, for if 16. . . ., QxQ; there is a mate after 17. R-Kt1ch, K-R1; 18. B-Kt7ch, K-Kt1; 19. B-B6ch, etc., while after 16. . . , Q-Kt3; 17. BxR. RxB; 18. Castles. White has won the exchange and has a strong attack.

From the consideration of this position there arises perhaps the question: what should be my plan, how can I convert my material advantage into a win?

It would be a colossal as well as a thankless task to write a book dealing with the various methods of bringing material advantage to fruition. There nearly always are so many ways to win that in general no real problem arises. I fancy too that few beginners would have the patience to wade through such a huge work; in the course of their studies they would make such progress that they would no longer be interested in problems which would, by then, have become obvious.



Diagram 6

Nevertheless, it will be useful to make a few remarks on this subject.

 If you have an advantage in material, the guiding line is to simplify the position by exchanges with certain reservation as follows:

 (a) do not exchange automatically, for there are positions in which exchanges cause your material superiority to lose its effect;

(b) in end games R and B v. R, R and Kt v R, and R v. B or R v K are mostly drawn, though there are some few exceptions. The simplification in such cases must therefore not be allowed to go too far. But as long as a single pawn is left on the board, it is nearly always sufficient to custure a win.

2. Do not think that the win will come by intelf, either here or at any time. If you wish to derive the full benefit of your advanage in material, you must make it work for you. A Rook is more valuable than a root of the young that the powers board you will be the power of the young that the player who has an advantage in material is inclined to play passively, awaiting events. This is the worst possible attitude in your power of the young the young that the player who has an advantage in ingreens. This is the worst possible attitude in your power of the young that the young t

age. Therefore play aggressively, though, of course, not recklessly. Once you have the initiative the potentialities of voluntary exchanges become greater (see No. 1).

In this connection we shall now revert in greater detail to the variation we have just examined. Diagram 7. Black plays 18. . . ., K-R1; (more or less forced because of the threat 19. R-Kt1).

Now White must play a Rook to KKt1, but which one? The King's Rook because, after 19, QR-Kt1, the Black Queen can move to Q6? The wrong argument. Don't take things for granted, for after the Black Queen's sortic, 20, Q-Kt4, wins the Knight because of the mating threat. And thus, as it makes little difference which Rook moves, White plays 19, QR-Kt1, Qyb.

And what does White do now? He had several lines of play to choose from.

(1) 20. Q-B6, winning a pawn.



Diagram 7

(2) R-Kt3, followed by 21. KR-Kt1, continuing the King's side attack, the best, but not

(3) 20. Q-B4, exchanging Queens. The pawn formation on White's King side would be ruined and the win made much more difficult (for example of "exchange at all cost").

(4) 20, R.Kri, followed by 21. Q-B4, so that now the exchange of Queens does not imply a deterioration of White's pawn formation. This being said, White's best continuation is: 20, RKK, with, as a likely equel. 22. Rg, and the Black Queen is cornered. But even now Black has a resource with 21. . . , Ps.P. 22. Rg, R-B1ch; 23, KKI, Q-BI; but White forces the win with 24, Q-B5.

An alternative after 21. KR-Kt1, would be 21. . . . , R-B1; but White wins by 22. Q-B6.

Even in positions in which one side has achieved material superiority, combinations are possible, one might even say, particularly

(To Be Continued)

OPENINGS BY AN EXPERT

Henry Grob of Switzerland, the only chess professional of Switzerland, is a painter whenever he can get away from playing chess-which is a rarity nowadays.

He edits numerous chess columns in his native country and lately wrote an

opening book titled "Die Eroffnungen in der Schachpartie." This work is being translated by Professor Lyman H. Daugherty of San Jose State College, an expert on paleobotany (fossil plants) as well as an enthusiastic chess player.

Professor Daugherty learned chess moves at the age of 10, played Newell Banks at the Gunther Hotel at San Antonio, Texas, in 1916, Banks won.

He dropped chess when he entered Stanford University, took it up again in

1945, and is still playing, Chess Digest is happy to present to its readers chapters of Mr. Grob's book, selected at random and describing numerous opening ideas.

HUNGARIAN OPENING

The opening is not, in general, regarded highly although it is considered one of the most solid forms of defence.

It allows White the opportunity for a tranquil development of his center structure, yet yields the same for Black in the sense that White risks no unusual sortie. Through normal development the breach will be sought on the Queen's file. The chances are possibly even. 1 BV (BV (1 2 NVB2 NOB2: 1 BB (BK2 (4)

4. P-Q4	P-Q3 PxP(d)	5. P-KR3 5. O-O	N-B3 P-O3	6. N.B3 6. NxP	O-O(b) N-B3	7.	O-O N-OB3	PxP(c
4. P-B3(e	N-B3	5. P-Q4	NxKP	6. PxP	0-0			N-QB4(f)
			NO	TES				

(a)-In case 3. . . . N-Q5? 4. NxN! Please

note the following: 4. NxP?, Q-N4! 5. NxBP (BxBPch?), K-K2!) QxNP; 6. R-B1, QxKPch; 7. B-K2,

N-B6 mate. (b)-In case 6. . .., P-QR3 there must follow 7. P-OR4 to prevent P-ON4 by Black. (c)-8. NxP. NxN: 9. OxN, B-K3! with equality; not to be recommended is 10. BxB, PxB; 11. P-K5, N-Q2! Whereon White cannot play P-B4 intending PxP, PxP because of B-B4!

(d) Recommended by Bogoljubow.

(e) A weak continuation because it interferes with the natural development of the Knight at OB3

(f) White remains without the advantage of the looser pawn position.

TITLE TRY FAILS

George Koltanowski, world's blindfold chess champion, played 95 games in a recent tournament at The Emporium, San Francisco, but failed to gain a new title because of lack of competitors.

Existing record for simultaneous chess play is for 105 winning games and is held by Count Aboyoni, late Hungarian chess-

One hundred and 10 players had signed up for the San Francisco competition with Mr. Koltanowski but failed to arrive in time for the title match.

Among those playing were the following results: Guthrie McClain of Berkeley, Nick Russ of San Francisco, both wins: B. Popoif and Andrew Turner of San Francisco, Joe Barron and S. H. Behrends of Berkeley, Elizabeth Thompson of Millbrae, and Jens L. Lund of Woodland, all draws.

GEDANCE WINS HONORS

Top honors in the recently concluded 1950 Nevada state chess championship went to Maurice Gedance of Las Vegas, former champion of Pennsylvania.

Mr. Gedance, with 91/2 points, defeated players from four states.

William F. Taber of Reno, former Nevada champion, and Louis N. Page, Utah champion, tied for second and third places with 81/2 points each.

Tying for fourth and fifth positions were Laverl and Lloyd Kimpton of Filer and Twin Falls, Ida., respectively. Each had 61/2 points.

The championship cup and other prizes were awarded at a banquet concluding the tournament, Walter Wilson, president of the Carson City Chess Club, was master of ceremonies.

GAME FROM BOYETTE-PRUNER MATCH

In a recent match in San Francisco Leslie Boyette played Earl Pruner and won 4-1,

Following is the third game of the match with notes by the winner.

White: Earl Pruner Black: Leslie Boyette Match Game played at the rate of 40 moves in 2 hours.

OUEEN'S GAMBIT ACCEPTED 1. P-Q4 P-Q4 5. BxP P-B4

PxP 6. O-O 2. P-OB4 P-QR3 N-KB3 7, O-K2 N-B3 3. N.KB3

4. P-K3 P-K3 Perhaps not the best development for the Knight. It should go to O2, See Alekhin

Book, Margate, 1938. 8. R-Q P-ON4 If now 9, PxP, O-B2; 10, B-Q3 (10, B-

N3, BxP; 11, P-K4? N-KN51; 12, R-B1?, N-Q5) N-QN5; 11. P-QR3, NxB; 12. QxN, BxP; 13. P-QN4, B-K2; 14. B-N2, B-N2; 15. B-K5, O-B3: 16, ON-O2, R-OB1, and Black has a slightly more comfortable position. See Goglidse-Lasker, Moscow, 1935.

9. B-N3 P.BS Also playable here is 9. . . ., Q-N3; 10.

P-OR4. B-N2: 11. RPxP. RPxP: 12. RxRch. BxR; 13. N-B3, P-B5; 14. B-B2, B-N5! (not B-K2: 15, P-K4, N-ON5: 16, B-N1, O-O: 17, P-K5, KN-Q4; 18, N-N5-Lilienthal-Belavienetz Match, 1935) 15, P-K4, N-K2=, N-ON5 12, OxN 10. B-B2 11. N-B3 NxB 13. P-Q5!

P.C.O. gives only one answer as being adequate to this: Q-B2!; 14. P-K4, P-K4; 15. B-N5, N-Q2; 16. B-K3, B-B4= Reshevsky-Flohr, Nottingham, 1936. A game between Euwe-Gruenfeld, Zandvoort, 1936, continued 13. PxP: 14. P-K4, B-K2; 15. P-K5, N-Q2; 16. Q-B5, O-O; 17. NxQP +

PxP 14. P-K4 B.R.(12 As this idea was not the product of previous analysis and only occurred to me in the progress of the game, I doubt not that there are flaws in it: perhaps very serious ones, At any rate, it seemed new to me.

15. P-K5 N-N5 16. N-K4 This would be a killing move if it were not for Black's rather surprising answer,

16. . . . PxN! 17. RxQch White has a queen for only two pieces, but

his house is on fire in many places. 18. B-N5 The rook cannot be captured, obviously,

BxP 20. Q-B5 Indirectly to guard the OB. 21. K-B1 P.Na

19. PxP

ByPch

22. Resigns.

If 22, O-B4, R-Q5; and if 22, Q-B2, B-R5, followed by R-O6, etc.

Marchisotti Denies

Horowitz Claim

By E. J. MARCHISOTTI Uruguay

After 1, P-K4, P-K4; 2, N-KB3, N-QB3; 3. B-N5. P-OR3: 4. B-R4. N-B3: 5. P-O4. NxQP; 6. NxP, N-K3; 7. B-N3, P-Q3 "White should lose. His King Pawn must fall" indicates Israel Horowitz in "CHESS REVIEW" (Section "Spotlight on Openings" December 1947, page 12). This assertion is erroneous, I have discovered the following sacrificial line:

8. NxP!, KxN (virtually forced)

9. P-K5, B-K2 If 9. PxP: 10. OxO. B-N5ch: 11. Q-Q2, BxQch; 12, BxB and White ending is superior (Two Bishops). If 9. . ., N-K1 or 9. . . . N-N1 then 10. P-KB4 followed by

O-O, with great attack in the King-side. 10. PxN. BxP

11. P-KB4, P-B3

12. O-O with advantage to White, game Marchisotti-Borras Blasco, played by correspondence in the I.C.C.A. Olympiad, 1948-49

So it has been shown that the continuation 5 . . ., NxQP deserves nothing better than a question mark.

MAR DEL PLATA 1950

1. GLIGORIC (Yugoslavia) 111/2: 2 GUI-MARD and ROSSETTO (Argentine) 11; 3. 'ULIO BOLBOCHAN (Argentine) and PIRC (Yugoslavia) 101/2: 4. ELISKASES (Austria) and PILNIK (Argentina) 10; 5. ROSSOLIMO (France) 91/2; 6. TRIFUNO-VIC (Yugoslavia), MICHEL (Germany) and CZERNIAK (Palestine) 9.

GAMES FROM COMPETITION

White: Rossetto Black: Rossolimo DUTCH DEFENCE

1. P-Q4, P-KB4; 2. N-KB3, N-KB3; 3. P-KN3, P-K3; 4. B-N2, B-K2; 5, O-O, O-O: 6. P-B4, P-Q3; 7. N-B3, Q-K1; 8. Q-B2, Q-R4; 9. B-N5!, P-K4; 10. PxP, PxP; 11. BxN, PxB; 12, N-Q5, B-Q1; 13, QR-Q1, P-B3; 14, N-B3, B-K3; 15. N-KR4, N-R3?; 16. B-R3, BxP; 17. BxP, B-KB2; 18. N-K4!, N-N5; 19. RxB!, QRxR; 20. NxPch, K-R1; 21. Q-B1! and Black resigned.

White: Michel Black: Dr. Trifunovic SICILIAN DEFENCE

1. P-K4, P-OB4; 2. N-KB3, P-O3; 3. P-O4, PxP: 4. NxP. N-KB3: 5. N-OB3. P-OR3: 6. B.K2, P.K4; 7. N-N3, B-K3; 8. O-O, QN-Q2; 9. P-B4, Q-B2; 10. K-R1, B-K2; 11. B-K3, O-O; 12. P-B5, BxN; 13. RPxB, P-QN4;14, R-B1, Q-N2; 15, B-B3, P-N5; 16. N-Q5, NxN; 17. PxN, QR-B1; 18. P-B4, B-Q1; 19. B-K4, P-B3; 20. O-R5, B-N3; 21. QR-K1, R-KB2; 22. B-B1, P-R4; 23. P-N4, P-R5; 24, P-R4, PxP; 25, P-N5, PxP; 26, PxP, RxQBP; 27. P-N6, PxP; 28.PxP, RxRch; 29. RxR, N-B3; 30. Q-R7ch! and Black resigned.

L.A. GAME RATED HIGH

The following game was submitted by the Tournament Director in charge of the Los Angeles County Chess League Class B championship Tournament, recently concluded. It was a candidate for the prize offered by the League for the best played game in the tournament.

White: Frankel Black: Belden

(Queen's Gam	bit Declined				
	SLAV D					
1. P-O4		15. P-B-i	N-N3			
		16. 0.0				
3. N-QB	3 N-KB3	17. P-OR3	B-B4(H)			
(A)	(B)	18. K-R	N-Q4?			
4. N-B3	P-K3	19. NxN	RxN			
5. P.K3	B-N5	20. B-B4	R-Q3			
6. B-Q2	QN-Q2	21. BxPch	K-R			
7. B-Q3	Q-B2(C)	22. B-N3	P-N3			
8. R-QB	0.0	23. R-KB3	OR-B3			
9. Q-B2	(D) PxP	24. QR-B1	N-R5			
10. BxP	P-K4(E)	25. R-R3	N-B4			
11. B-Q3	PxP	26. QR-B3	N-R3			
12. NxP	N-K4	(I)	(1)			
13. B-K2	B-K3?	27. B-B3	R-N3			
(F)	(G)	28. QxR! (1	K) Q-Q2			
14. NxB	PxN	29. RxN	Resigns			
NOTES BY G. E. CROY						

A-Theorists prefer 3, N-KB3 to prevent the equalizing P-K4, if Black accepts the gambit (3. . . ., PxP).

B-3. . . ., PxP seems slightly better-preferred by Fine in Practical Chess Openings as "safest," although the text can hardly be criticized.

C-Black can gain a tempo by 7. . . . PxP displacing White's bishop.

D-9, P-B5 seems much better as it can force BxN and create a "Oueen-side bind"

E-Now Black gets a free game and at least equality.

F-It's always a moot question whether it is worth a tempo to keep a bishop on the board, especially when the knight that would exchange for it is well posted

G-Allowing White to set up an isolated pawn that can become an easy target; correct was 13. . . ., B-Q2.

H-17. . . ., B-R4 should maintain a slight bind, also the text is risky as the bishop will

I-Black should exchange for this bishop as it's likely to become dangerous,

J-White now has such a superior game, it is difficult to see how Black can survive very long. Better to leave the knight at KB4 if possible 21. . . . R-R3 should provide some chance.

K-Very pretty, of course if 28. . . ., PxQ; 29. RxN is mate,

PLAYED IN THE SALINAS

CHAMPIONSHIP — 1950 White: P. Wyman Black: Clark RUY LOPEZ 1. P.K4 P.K4 3 B.N5

2. N-KB3 N-OB3 The more usual is P-OR3. 4. P-O4 B-Q2 5. BxN 5. N-B3 first is preferable.

BxB 6. P-Q5 This finishes his attack against Black's KP. B-Q2 8, B-N5

7. 0.0 N-B3 R-K1 is better.

8. . . . P-KR3 9. B-R4 This loses a pawn, BxN followed by P-OB4 and KN-Q2 would have been better. 9. . . . P-KN4 11. P-B4 P-KB4

10. B-N3 Black is not satisfied with the gain of a pawn, more power to him!

P.NS Better than playing for a shut-in of the WB. Now he gets a strong K-side attack, 13. B-R4 B-K2 15. N3-Q2 N.N4

14. BxB OxB Black is now strongly entrenched and his

attack cannot be stopped. 16. N-QB3 P-QR3 17. P-N4 P-KR4

No time for worries on the Queen's side! 18. N-K2 P-KR5 20, NxP P-R6 19. P-B4 PxPe.p. 21. P-N3 That's right-Black has not forgotten he can castle and now uses the second rook for good purposes.

22. N-R4

White has a difficult task-namely: finding a good move . . .

22. . . . RxN!

Well played. The position merits the exchange as it tears White's position to a frazzle. "Attack" seems to be Clark's first name! N-K5 24, N-N3

R-B3 and try to escape the K via B1 was a possibility.

24. . . R-N1 25. Q-Q3 Q-R2 Threatens now P-B5 as his Knight is pro-

26. K-R1 Q-N2
Another Pin¹ The mate threat on N7.
27. R-B3 N-B3 29. R-K2 P-K5!
28. R-B2 N-N5 50. Q-Q1 P-K6
This pawn has gone a long way and all with precision.
31. Q-KB1 N-B7ch 33. R-Q1 P-B5

31. Q-KB1 N-B7ch 33. R-Q1 P-B5
32. RxN PxR
Decides. If N moves Q-N7ch leads to mate.
34. QxBP PxN 36. QxQ RxQ
35. PxP QxP 37. R-KN1

35, PAP QXP 3/. R-RN1 The game is lost . . . and White might just as well resign, you can't fight on with a piece down and no counter chances.

RxRch 44, P-B5 38. KxR B-B4 45. P-R4 B-O2 39. K-R2 K-02 46. P-R5 47. PxP 40. P-R5 K-K2 K-B3 41. P-R6 K-B2 48. P-B6 B-B1 42. P-R7 K-N2 49, PxP 43. P-R8=Och KxQ White resigns.

A good game exceptionally well played by Black.

HASTINGS ENDINGS

Here are three end-game positions from the recent Hastings tournament:

Black: Dr. M. Euwe (Holland)



White: I. Koning (England)
Although a pawn down the ex-champion
of the world, pulls through on this one.
52. . . . R-Q7ch; 53. K-R3, R-QN7; 54. K-N4,

N.B4; 55. P.R5, RxP; 56. PxP, PxP; 57. R-R8, R.N6; 58. R.Q8, R.Q6; 59. R.QN8, R-Q3; 60. R.K8ch, R.K3; 61. R.QR8, NxP; Q5. ExN, KxB; 63. R.R4ch, K.Q4; 64. K.B5, P.N4; 65. R.QN4, R.N3; 66. P.N4, K.B4; 67. R.N1, P.N5; 68. K.44, K.B3; 69. R.B1ch, K.N6; 70. K.Q5, K.N7; 71. R.B1, P.N6; and Black won.

Il This time Dr. Euwe is a pawn up but can't win.

Black: Dr. M. Euwe



White: O. Barda

55. P-B3!, RxBch; 56. K-B5, N-B5; 57. KxP, K-K1; 58. K-B5, R-N6; 59. R-KN7, N-R6; 60. R-QR7, K-B1; 61. R-QN7, N-N8; 62. P-B4, P-N5; 63. R-N8ch Draw.

III Here Black finishes in great style.
Black: V. Soultanbeiff, Belgium



White: Lode Prins (Holland)

39. . . Q-B7!! (A Greek Gift!) 40. Q-B8ch, K-N2; 41. Q-QB5!(Looks like he saves the day . . . but.) 41. . . . RxRch; 42. RxR, Q-B6ch; 43. R-N2, Q-B8ch; 44. R-N1, N-N6ch!; 45. PxN, Q-R6 mate!

Well done, Victor!

Watch for our book section next month. It will be completely revised with many new titles.

CORRESPONDENCE CHESS

Editor: E. H. YAGGIE,

555 Eddy Street, San Francisco Calif

Just a few lines this month to familiarize myself with the new task. I am certainly not used to writing any part of a column. I feel the best approach is a cautious one, especially so concerning such a dangerous subject as chess. They tell me it has made widows of

many wives.

So this month we'll just finish up the old business, publish the results of games to date and also include a few short games that were played.

Here they are:

49-A-3: S. G. Johnson 1, Geo. T. Hedges 0 S. G. Johnson 1, H. D. Brown 0 49-A-5: Dr. J. Malig 1, Hugh Cook 0 Dr. J. Malig 1, H. Van Patten 0

Dr. J. Malig 1, H. Van Patten 49-A-6: S. MacCarty 1, J. R. Gosser 0

C. G. Schroeder 1, S. MacCarty 0 49-A-7: Wm. Rinaman 1, P. Lydon 0

C. G. Schroeder 1, R. Shea 0 C. G. Schroeder 1, P. Lydon 0 P. Lydon 1, R. Shea 0

A-2-50 K. Lowenstein 1, R. Shea 0 R. Clausen, Jr. 1, E. Ball 0 White E. Ball Black: R. Clausen, Jr. FRENCH DEFENCE

P-K3 P-KN4 1 P-K4 2. N-OB3 N-OB3 9. B-K5 P-OR3 3. P-O4 P-Q4 10. Q-KB3 NxB 4. PxP(a) PxP 11. PxN 5. B-KB4 N.B3 12 PvN PyN 6 P.KR3 B-K2 13. PxB? Q-Q7 mate

7. P-QR3 P-KR3

(a) This variation relieves Black's Queen Bishop and gives Black an equal and simple game.

White: K. Lowenstein Black: R. Shea ENGLISH OPENING

P-K4 12. N-N7ch 1. P-OB4 K-K2 N-KB3 13 B-N3 R-N1 2. N-QB3 3. N-B3 N-B3 14, P-K4 RxN 4. P-O4 PxP 15, O-O-O B-O2 5. NxP B-N5 16. PxP 6. B-N5 P-KR3 17, B-K5 N-KB4 7. B-R4 BxNch 18. BxNch K-BI 8. PxB N-K4 19, O-B5ch 9 P.KB3 NxOBP 20, R-K1 R.N3 10. N-KB5 P-KN4 21. BxNch K-NI 11. 0-04 P-O4 22. BxO Resign

That's all from the back files, but more next month. If you have played any interesting games please mail them to the editor.

-PROBLEMS -

Send solutions by the 25th of the following month to A. J. Fink, 111 Vienna St., San Francisco, Cal. Solution to No. 22—B-B5; No. 23—

Solution to No. 22—B-B5; No. 23— R-R4; No. 24—White pawn on QR4 should be a black pawn. Then proceed with N-QB; N-K2; N-N; N-R3; N-B2; N-Q2; N-N2; NxP etc. back to K-R3. This month's 2'ers are studies of the Star-

Pattern theme (the black Kings flight to his diagonal squares).

No. 25-L. LENA No. 26-A. CORRIAS No. 27-T. SCHONBERGER







MATE IN TWO

MATE IN TWO

MATE IN TWO

BONNER vs. GRANT

EDITOR:

I suppose I should apologize to Newton Grant for not reading earlier his interesting articles on Alckhin's Defence. (See California Chess News of May 1949 and July 1949). But now that I have read them with considerable enjoyment, I wish to add something to his analyses.

Inasmuch as he has presented White's side of the case in very strong terms, I would like to add a few facts which may give

Black some hope.

For the benefit of any readers who do not vividly recollect Grains' two articles, I quote verbatim two sentences from them, in the May issue he remarks: Combining effect and the sentence from them are the plays NNRBS. And I have a lost game after he plays NNRBS. And in the July issue he remarks: These two articles replace information given in both POO and MOO and seem to give White an advantage MOO and seem to give White an advantage NNRBS.

Grant concludes his first installment with T invite players to send me any interesting games with this defence. T have in my files more than 200 examples of Alchhin's Defence. And for Grant's benefit as well as for the benefit of his concern, I give below a list or an adjudicated advantage after he played 1. N&B in reply to 1. P&A. The list is by no means exhaustive but contains some of the more important encounters. Here it

Steiner-Alekhin, Budapest 1921 Tarrasch-Vukovic, Vienna, 1922 Wolf-Gruenfeld, Pistyan 1922 Maroczy-Lasker, New York, 1924 Ilvin-Genevski--Reti Moscow, 1925 Thomas-Alekhin, Baden-Baden, 1925 A. Steiner-Gruenfeld, Budapest, 1926 Yates-Rubinstein, Dresden, 1926 Rabinovitch-Loewenfisch, Moscow, 1927 Spielmann-Colle, Dartmund, 1928 Rubinstein-Spielmann, Moscow, 1925 Holzhausen-Kmoch, Giesen, 1928 Tartakower-Colle, Bled, 1931 Thomas-Flohr, Antwerp, 1932 Michell-Milner-Barry, Worcester, 1931 Spielman-Landau, Rotterdam, 1933 Michell-Flohr, Hastings, 1935-6 Thomas-Euwe, Nottingham, 1936 Pilnik-Hanauer, New York, 1947

Kashdan-Fine, Hollywood, 1945 Turn-Keres, Tallin, 1945

In Grant's first article he correctly gives the following moves as establishing the "basic position" in this opening:

1. P-K4, N-KB3; 2. P-K5, N-Q4; 3. P-Q4, P-Q3; 4. P-QB4, N-N3; 5. P-KB4, PxP; 6. BPxP, N-B3; 7. B-K3, B-B4; 8. N-QB3, P-

K3: 9 N-B3

Then he shows a game in which Black played 9. "N-NS and lost, and an analysis of 9. "B-KN5 which Adams says loses for Black. After which he makes this statement: The only other move tried here is 9. "Q-Q2." and gives a game in which Black made that move and lost. But I wonder why Grant ignores both 9. "B-K2 and 9. "KB-DN5.

In a well-known game, Lasker-Tarrasch, at Mahrisch-Ostrau, in 1923, this continuation was 9. . . , B-QN5; 10. B-Q3, B-N5; 11. B-K2, BxN; 12. PxB, Q-R5x; 13. B-B2, Q-B5. I agree with Alekhin that "Black had the

superior game."

Äfter 9. . . , B-K2; 10. B-K2, O-O; 11. O-O, P B5; 12; N-KR4 (or 12, P-P), BP, With equality) PxP; 13. NxB, PxN; 14. P.Q5, N-Q5 Fine is no doubt correct in saying that Black has nothing to feat." Or (instead of 12. NxR4) 12. PxP, BxP, 13. Q-Q2, Q-Q2; 14. Q-R-Q, Q-Q0; 15. Q-K, K-KN; 16. P. QR3, NxB; 18. QxN, P-B3 "with even prospects." (MO)

Black need not worry about 10. P-Q5 after 9. ..., B-K2 because he has 10. ..., N-N5 followed by 11. ..., KPxQP. Of course, if 11. P-Q83 then 11. ..., N-B7. If 11. P-Q6 then 11. ..., PxP. If 11. BxN then RPxN (and White cannot play 12. Q-R4x.)
Frankly 10 not care for 9. ..., Q-O2 and

10. ... Q.O.Q. despite the fact that Lasker states in his "Manual of Chess" that "Black will scarcely be able to do better than 9. ... Q.Q2. "The three moves: 9. ... Q.Q2. "S. ... N.N5, and 9. ... B.KN5 are all against principle. In theory Black's logical 9th move should be with the KB, followed by ... Q.O.Q.

I do not think that one can safely say after Black's first move in any reputable opening that Black has a lost, or a won game. Chess is not so simple as that!

SHEARON BONNER San Francisco

EDITOR:

Regarding letter on P. 2 of Vol 3, No. 2. It is very flattering to any author to know that he is as carefully read and checked as Mr. Bonner's check on my article.

He asks me for a list of games counted. That is impossible to give, because many books are not indexed as to game openings; it would have taken me weeks to go through all available books and periodicals. Therefore, I selected several at random and country of the property of the selection of the property of the prope

However, to show that black can hold his own, here are some draws of which I have complete scores: Tarrasch-Marshall, Match 1905; Black-Howell, Match 1917; Tarrasch-Mason, Monte Carlo 1903; Adams-Whitaker, U.S. Onen 1948.

Also some games where black even managed to win: Bogoljubov-Reit, Kiel 1921; Thomas-Tarrasch, Carlsbad 1923; Adams-Moyers, New England Reg. Tour. 1948; Mc-Isaac-Mueler, Folkestone 1935; Pinkus-Levin, Ventror City 1941; Euwe-Castaldi, Venice 1948.

It is only by a careful check of all starements made in articles that we will find out anything about the actual value of variations. but I am somewhat disturbed that Mr. Bonner chose to quibble about one sentence which did not concern the main theme of the article and did not (according to his statement) even bother to look at the move I was examining. Was it that I said that his per attack (S. P.S.S.) was not invincible?

Thibodaux, La.

SANTA CRUZ—SALINAS Here are results of a match played be-

tween Santa Cruz and Salinas at the Salinas YMCA.

1. Phil Wyman1	C. Vollmer0
2. George Oakes 1	E. B. Barrett0
3. Foster Clark 1/2	James B. Bean3/2
4. Rolla Taylor 1/2	F. Pfvffer
5. Herb Fixler0	G. F. Johnson1
6. Wayne Pope1	Leo Gregorich0
7. G. Detweiler1	Russ Keever0
8. Sam Lowe0	W. Bowman1

Salinas played white on odd-numbered boards.

NEWS FLASHES...

THE SANTA MONICA CHESS CLUB won the A Group championship of Los Angeles County for the second year running. They tied the second placed Hollywood Group, but Hakoah Chess of L.A. tied Hol-Iwwood too, and thus helped Santa Monica win! Congratulations Santa Monica! . . . GEORGE A. HUNNEX, of La Mesa, a teacher at Grossmont High School, won the Championship of San Diego County' . . . THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA Championship ended as follows: "A" Mechanics 5. Castle C.C. 31/2, Oakland and Russian C.C. 21/2 each, San Francisco C.C. 11/2, Hayward 0. "B" Palo Alto 51/2, Oakland 41/2: Hakoah 31/2; Berkeley 3, Chinese C.C. 21/2, YMCA, S.F. 11/2, Tower C.C. 1 . . . Events taking place in May: May 20 at 7:30 p.m., Match S.F. and Peninsula vs. East Bay, Sacrameto - Central Valley match, at the Barton Chess Studio, Hotel Cecil, 545 Post Street, San Francisco, May 28 RED LETTER DAY . . . Match

North vs. South at San Luis Obispo

on 50 boards . . . FRANK OLVERA has

started a chess class for high school boys in Pittsburg! CARROLL CAPPS in a simultaneous exhibition won 10 lost 2 to Henry King and Charles Woodson at the meeting of the S.F. Bay Area C.L. WADE HEND-RICKS won the rapid transit tournament. Eighteen players competed . . . SAN FRAN-CISCO is accepting the challenge of PORT-LAND to play a match via Radio . . . I. B. GEE has won the championship of Sacramento . . . THE ANNUAL DINNER meeting of the REDWOOD EMPIRE CHESS LEAGUE held in Sonoma was a grand success. Splendidly organized by SHERMAN WALKER and TOM SHOEMAKER of the Santa Rosa Chess Club it attracted more than fifty chess fans and their wives, Alan Arkins, of San Rafael presided. G. Koltanowski was master of ceremonies and Charles Bagby, San Francisco, was guest speaker. George Andreani, of Santa Rosa Junior College, brought some of the dramatic students, who put on a skit on Blindfold play that brought the house down . . . THE ROBERT UPHAM MEMORIAL CUP presented by the San Rafael Chess Club was won for one year, in a rapid transit tournament by Jim Myers of Kentfield . . . BEVERLY HILLS tied HERMOSA C.C. 4-4 . . . SANTA MONICA CHESS CLUB has moved to 16051/2 Ocean

Front, Santa Monica. The Club is open even-

ings and visitors are welcome,

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Exhibition Draws 27 At San Jose

Twenty-seven players confronted George Koltanowski in the recent exhibition at the

San Jose YMCA.

Harry Shaw won his game in splendid style. Bill Adams, Dr. David Malig and Mark B. Gazze drew their games.

Here is a short game from this exhibition. It's a Colle Opening and illustrates how a small mistake in the opening can lead to an early downfall.

White: G. Koltanowski

Black: Prof. Lyman F.	I. Daugherty
1. P-Q4	P-Q4
2. N-KB3	N-KB3
3. P-K3	P-K3
4. B-Q3	P-B4
5. P-B3	B-Q3
6. QN-Q2	QN-Q2
7. 0.0	P-QN3
Castling first is better.	Aller Co.
8. P-K4	BPxP
9. BPxP	PxP

11. BxN R-QN1
12. R-K1 N-B3
Again O-O should have been considered.
13. Q-R4ch B-Q2
Not Q-Q2 through B-B6.

14. QxRP
Looks very dangerous.
14. . . . NxB
15. RxN B-B3

Threatens the Rook and indirectly the Queen through R-QR1.

16. B-N5! R-R1
Has nothing better.

Has nothing better.

17. RxKPch!

This move "kills". If 17 . . . PxR; 18. QxNP and Black cannot save himself.

A fine feature of the exhibition was the presence of a number of school boys and girls from Gilroy, thanks to Ernest W. Rideout, who is doing a splendid job of teaching chess.

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